

$$I = \underbrace{\int_{-\pi}^{-\pi/2} x \sqrt{1+\sin x} dx}_{I_1} + \underbrace{\int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} x \sqrt{1+\sin x} dx}_{I_2} + \underbrace{\int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} x \sqrt{1+\sin x} dx}_{I_3} \quad (5)$$

2 quindici

$$I_1 = \int_0^{-1} (\arcsin t + \pi) \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-t^2}} dt$$

$t = \sin x$
 $x = \arcsin t - \pi$

$$I_2 = \int_{-1}^1 \frac{\arcsin t}{\sqrt{1-t^2}} dt$$

$t = \sin x$
 $x = \arcsin t$

$$I_3 = - \int_1^0 (\arcsin t + \pi) \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-t^2}} dt$$

$t = \sin x$
 $x = \pi - \arcsin t$

da cui:

$$I = -\pi \int_{-1}^0 \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-t^2}} dt + \pi \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-t^2}} dt$$

$$= +2\pi \left((1-t)^{+1/2} \Big|_{-1}^0 - (1-t)^{+1/2} \Big|_0^1 \right)$$

$$= 2\pi (2 - \sqrt{2})$$